Congress is thinking about making major cuts to Medicaid (MA) in the American Health Care Act (AHCA) and President Trump's budget. If both are approved, federal Medicaid funding would be cut by up to \$1.4 trillion or 45% over the next 10 years.



THESE MEDICAID CUTS WILL...

... Hurt People with Disabilities

More than 1.2 million Wisconsinites use Medicaid for essential health and long-term care services, including many people with disabilities. The vast majority of Medicaid funding—70%--is spent on people with disabilities and older adults.



... Jeopardize Wisconsin Medicaid Programs

In Wisconsin, Medicaid funds 20 different programs. ALL Wisconsin Medicaid programs include people with disabilities. According to the Legislative Fiscal Bureau, two-thirds of childless adults on BadgerCare currently work, are in a job training program, or are unable to work because of age or disability.

... Shift Costs to Wisconsin Taxpayers

The federal Government currently funds 60% of Wisconsin's Medicaid costs, adding about \$5 billion to Wisconsin's budget. These Medicaid dollars are a major source of revenue for local hospitals and 75,000 Wisconsin Medicaid provider businesses and their employees. Proposed federal funding cuts will shift costs to Wisconsin taxpayers and hurt Wisconsin's economy.

IRIS ^{Legacy} Waivers (COP/CIP) BadgerCare Wisconsin Chronic Disease Program Partnership Katie Beckett School-based SeniorCare services and supports ADRCs PACE U/ell U/oman HealthCheck (EPSDT) Community Support SSI Managed Care Program

Family Care Children's Long Term Support Program Comprehensive Community Services Community Recovery Services Forward Health Card

... Break the Community Promise

Wisconsin is a national leader in using Medicaid supports to keep people with disabilities and older adults in the community, and out of costly facilities.



70% of Wisconsin's long-term care enrollees live in a home or communitybased setting compared to 49% nationally.

Cuts to Medicaid Are Cuts to Community Supports

Care in the community is 26% less expensive than nursing home care - - but home and community-based services, like Family Care and IRIS, are **OPTIONAL** and at greatest risk when cuts are made. More costly institutional care is mandatory.



Wisconsin is on track to end waiting lists for both its children and adult long-term care systems. Cuts to Medicaid will send Wisconsin backwards by:

Cutting programs Cutting reimbursement rates

Limiting Services

Using waiting lists

The Ask for Congress:

- Pull Medicaid changes out of the AHCA.
- Address the real cost drivers for health care: 1. Highest physician, facility and drugs costs in the world; 2. High administrative expenses; 3. Uncoordinated care; and 4. Failure to provide adequate preventive health.
- Work in partnership with the disability community to develop a plan for sustaining Medicaid.
- Look at our commonsense cost-saving solutions to ensure the future of Medicaid.
- Make cost-effective community services a mandatory Medicaid service, and remove the incentive for more costly institutional care.



www.survivalcoalitionwi.org survivalcoalitionwi@gmail.com